## **TECHNICAL DATA SHEET**



#### **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

DuPont<sup>™</sup> Tychem<sup>®</sup> 2000 C with socks. Hooded coverall. Attached socks and boot flap. Stitched and over-taped seams. Thumb loops. Elastication at wrists, ankles, face and waist. Self-adhesive double zipper flap and chin flap. Yellow.

ATTRIBUTES	
Full Part Number	TCCHA5TYL16
Fabric/Materials	Tychem <sup>®</sup> C
Design	Hooded coverall with elastics, thumb loops, attached socks and boot flaps
Seam	Stitched and over-taped
Color	Yellow
Sizes	SM, MD, LG, XL, 2X, 3X
Quantity/Box	20 per box, individually packed.

#### FEATURES

- Certified according to Regulation (EU) 2016/425
- Chemical protective clothing, Category III, Type 3-B, 4-B, 5-B and 6-B
- EN 14126 (barrier to infective agents), EN 1073-2 (protection against radioactive contamination)
- Antistatic treatment (EN 1149-5) on inside; see footnotes
- Stitched and over-taped seams with barrier tape for protection and strength
- Self-adhesive double zipper flap closure system for higher protection

#### SIZETABLE

PRODUCT SIZE	ARTICLE NUMBER	ADDITIONAL INFO	
SM	D13494988	МТО	
MD	D13494955		
LG	D13494939		
XL	D13495013		
2X	D13494892		
3X	D13494911		

#### PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL RESULT	EN
Abrasion Resistance <sup>7</sup>	EN 530 Method 2	>1500 cycles	5/6 <sup>1</sup>
Basis Weight	DIN EN ISO 536	83 g/m <sup>2</sup>	N/A
Bursting Strength (Mullenburst)	ISO 2758	500 kPa	N/A
Colour.	N/A (598)	Yellow	N/A
Flex Cracking Resistance <sup>7</sup>	EN ISO 7854 Method B	>5000 cycles	3/6 <sup>1</sup>
Puncture Resistance	EN 863	>10 N	2/6 <sup>1</sup>
Resistance to water penetration	AATCC 127	>30 kPa	N/A
Surface Resistance at RH 25%, inside <sup>7</sup>	EN 1149-1	< 2,5 • 10 <sup>9</sup> Ohm	N/A
Surface Resistance at RH 25%, outside <sup>7</sup>	EN 1149-1	No antistatic treatment	N/A

Tychem

# DUPONT™ TYCHEM<sup>®</sup> 2000 C



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PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL RESULT	EN
Tensile Strength (MD)	DIN EN ISO 13934-1	>100 N	3/6 <sup>1</sup>
Tensile Strength (XD)	DIN EN ISO 13934-1	>100 N	3/6 <sup>1</sup>
Thickness (PPSH-249)	DIN EN ISO 534	185 µm	N/A
Trapezoidal Tear Resistance (MD)	EN ISO 9073-4	>10 N	1/6 <sup>1</sup>
Trapezoidal Tear Resistance (XD)	EN ISO 9073-4	>10 N	1/6 <sup>1</sup>

1 According to EN 14325 | 2 According to EN 14126 | 3 According to EN 1073-2 | 4 According to EN 14116 | 12 According to EN 11612 | 5 Front Tyvek <sup>®</sup> / Back | 6 Based on test according to ASTM D-572 | 7 See Instructions for Use for further information, limitations and warnings | > Larger than | < Smaller than | N/A Not Applicable | STD DEV Standard Deviation |

#### GARMENT PERFORMANCE

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL RESULT	EN
Nominal protection factor <sup>7</sup>	EN 1073-2	>5	1/3 <sup>3</sup>
Seam Strength	EN ISO 13935-2	>125 N	4/6 <sup>1</sup>
Shelf Life <sup>7</sup>	N/A (598)	10 years <sup>6</sup>	N/A
Type 3: Resistance to Penetration by Liquids (Jet Test)	EN 17491-3	Pass	N/A
Type 4: Resistance to Penetration by Liquids (High Level Spray Test)	EN ISO 17491-4, Method B	Pass	N/A
Type 5: Inward Leakage of Airborne Solid Particulates	EN ISO 13982-2	Pass	N/A
Type 6: Resistance to Penetration by Liquids (Low Level Spray Test)	EN ISO 17491-4, Method A	Pass	N/A

1 According to EN 14325 | 3 According to EN 1073-2 | 12 According to EN 11612 | 13 According to EN 11611 | 5 Front Tyvek ® / Back |

6 Based on test according to ASTM D-572 | 7 See Instructions for Use for further information, limitations and warnings |

11 Based on the average of 10 suits, 3 activities, 3 probes | > Larger than | < Smaller than | N/A Not Applicable | \* Based on lowest single value |

### COMFORT

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL RESULT	EN
Air Permeability (Gurley method)	ISO 5636-5	No	N/A

2 According to EN 14126 | 5 Front Tyvek  $^{\odot}$  / Back | > Larger than | < Smaller than | N/A Not Applicable |

#### PENETRATION AND REPELLENCY

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL RESULT	EN
Repellency to Liquids, o-Xylene	EN ISO 6530	>95 %	3/3 <sup>1</sup>
Repellency to Liquids, Butan-1-ol	EN ISO 6530	>90 %	2/3 <sup>1</sup>
Repellency to Liquids, Sodium Hydroxide (10%)	EN ISO 6530	>95 %	3/3 <sup>1</sup>
Repellency to Liquids, Sulphuric Acid (30%)	EN ISO 6530	>95 %	3/3 <sup>1</sup>
Resistance to Penetration by Liquids, Butan-1-ol	EN ISO 6530	<1 %	3/3 <sup>1</sup>
Resistance to Penetration by Liquids, Sodium Hydroxide (10%)	EN ISO 6530	<1 %	3/3 <sup>1</sup>
Resistance to Penetration by Liquids, Sulphuric Acid (30%)	EN ISO 6530	<1 %	3/3 <sup>1</sup>
Resistance to Penetration by Liquids, o-Xylene	EN ISO 6530	<1 %	3/3 <sup>1</sup>

1 According to EN 14325 | > Larger than | < Smaller than |

#### **BIOLOGICAL BARRIER**

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL RESULT	EN
Resistance to Penetration by Biologically Contaminated Aerosols	ISO/DIS 22611	log ratio >5	3/3 <sup>2</sup>
Resistance to Penetration by Blood and Body Fluids using Synthetic Blood	ISO 16603	20 kPa	6/6 <sup>2</sup>



## **TECHNICAL DATA SHEET**

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL RESULT	EN
Resistance to Penetration by Blood-borne Pathogens using Bacteriophage Phi-X174	ISO 16604 Procedure C	20 kPa	6/6 <sup>2</sup>
Resistance to Penetration by Contaminated Liquids	EN ISO 22610	>75 min	6/6 <sup>2</sup>
Resistance to Penetration by Contaminated Solid Particles	ISO 22612	log cfu <1	3/3 <sup>2</sup>

1 According to EN 14325 | > Larger than | < Smaller than |

#### PERMEATION DATA DUPONT™ TYCHEM<sup>®</sup> 2000 C

AccessionHord	HAZARD / CHEMICAL NAME	PHYSICAL STATE	CAS	BT ACT	BT 0.1	BT 1.0	EN	SSPR	MDPR	CUM 480	TIME 150	ISO
Acetic acid (497%)Liquid64-19-7immimmimmimmimm30.5 pm	Acetic acid (10%)		64-19-7	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.04	0.04	<19.2		6
Aceto acid ethylesterLiquid1479-6immimmimmimminmi	Acetic acid (2%)	Liquid	64-19-7	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.04	0.04	<19.2	>480	6
AcctoneLiquid676441imm	Acetic acid (>95%)	Liquid	64-19-7	imm	imm	imm		3	0.05 ppm			
Accentinitie    Liquid    75 05-8    imm	Acetic acid ethyl ester	Liquid	141-78-6	imm	imm	imm		12.7	0.11 ppm			
Acrolei acidLiquid79-10*inm <t< td=""><td>Acetone</td><td>Liquid</td><td>67-64-1</td><td>imm</td><td>imm</td><td>imm</td><td></td><td>&lt;20</td><td>0.02</td><td>&gt;908</td><td>13</td><td>1</td></t<>	Acetone	Liquid	67-64-1	imm	imm	imm		<20	0.02	>908	13	1
Actylicacid  Liquid  79-107  inm  inm <td>Acetonitrile</td> <td>Liquid</td> <td>75-05-8</td> <td>imm</td> <td>imm</td> <td>imm</td> <td></td> <td>9.4</td> <td>0.13 ppm</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Acetonitrile	Liquid	75-05-8	imm	imm	imm		9.4	0.13 ppm			
Acyoinifrile  Liquid  107-13-1  inm  inm<  inm  in	Acroleic acid	Liquid	79-10-7	imm	imm	imm		5.4	0.2			
Amino benzene    Liquid    62:53-3    imm	Acrylic acid	Liquid	79-10-7	imm	imm	imm		5.4	0.2			
Armonia (gaseous)Vapor7664-47imm <td>Acrylonitrile</td> <td>Liquid</td> <td>107-13-1</td> <td>imm</td> <td>imm</td> <td>imm</td> <td></td> <td>10.6</td> <td>0.005</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Acrylonitrile	Liquid	107-13-1	imm	imm	imm		10.6	0.005			
Ammonium hydroxide (28% - 30%)    Liquid    1336-21-6    imm	Amino benzene	Liquid	62-53-3	imm	imm	imm		2.1	0.14			
IdeaId	Ammonia (gaseous)	Vapor	7664-41-7	imm	imm	imm		3.1	0.001			
BarbaranamineLiquid62-53-3immimmimmimm210.141BromineLiquid726-95-6immimmimmimm6500.0064	Ammonium hydroxide (28% - 30%)	Liquid	1336-21-6	imm	imm	imm		62	0.035			
BromineLiquid726-95inminminminmiso500.0640.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.0540.057 <td>Aniline</td> <td>Liquid</td> <td>62-53-3</td> <td>imm</td> <td>imm</td> <td>imm</td> <td></td> <td>2.1</td> <td>0.14</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Aniline	Liquid	62-53-3	imm	imm	imm		2.1	0.14			
Butadiene, 13 (gaseous)    Vapor    166-90    inm	Benzenamine	Liquid	62-53-3	imm	imm	imm		2.1	0.14			
Butanal, n-    Liquid    123-72-8    inm    imm	Bromine	Liquid	7726-95-6	imm	imm	imm		>50	0.0064			
Butanol, 1- Butanol, 1- Butanol, 1-India71-36-3immimmimmimm1.6 $0.057  ppm$ $1.61 + 1.51 + 1.$	Butadiene, 1,3- (gaseous)	Vapor	106-99-0	imm	imm	imm		>12	0.001			
Butanol, n-Liquid7i-36-3inmimmimmimmimimm	Butanal, n-	Liquid	123-72-8	imm	imm	imm		22	0.0063			
Butyl alcohol, n-  Liquid  71-36-3  imm  imm  imm  imm  imm  if  0.057 ppm    Butyraldehyde, n-  Liquid  123-72-8  imm  imm  imm  imm  imm  22  0.063	Butanol, 1-	Liquid	71-36-3	imm	imm	imm		1.6	0.057 ppm			
Buy ald bely algo below in the set of	Butanol, n-	Liquid	71-36-3	imm	imm	imm		1.6	0.057 ppm			
Carbon disulfide  Liquid  75-15-0  imm  imm  imm  4367  0.0057 ppm    Carbon disulfide  Liquid  41575-944  >240  >240  >240  5  0.001	Butyl alcohol, n-	Liquid	71-36-3	imm	imm	imm		1.6	0.057 ppm			
Carboplatin (10 mg/ml)  Liquid  41575-94-4  >240  >240  >240  5  6.001  0.011  1.11	Butyraldehyde, n-	Liquid	123-72-8	imm	imm	imm		22	0.0063			
Carburan n° 2Liquid68476-30-2immimmimmimm1.7760.01Carmustine (33 mg/ml, 0) % Ethanol)Liquid154-93-8>10>240>24050.0020.001	Carbon disulfide	Liquid	75-15-0	imm	imm	imm		4367	0.0057 ppm			
Carmustine (3.3 mg/ml, 10) $\%$ Ethanol)Liquid154-93-8 $30$ $240$ $240$ $240$ $5$ $0.02$ $0.01$ $UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU$	Carboplatin (10 mg/ml)	Liquid	41575-94-4	>240	>240	>240	5	<0.001	0.001			
K Ethanol)  Liquid  Is4-93-8  Vio  V240  V240  S  0.002  0.001  Interview  Interview <thi< td=""><td>Carburant n° 2</td><td>Liquid</td><td>68476-30-2</td><td>imm</td><td>imm</td><td>imm</td><td></td><td>1.776</td><td>0.01</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></thi<>	Carburant n° 2	Liquid	68476-30-2	imm	imm	imm		1.776	0.01			
Caustic soda (42%)  Liquid  1310-73-2  >480  >480  >480  62  0.035  <440  >480  6    Caustic soda (42%)  Liquid  1310-73-2  >480  >480  >480  6  0.005  <2.4	Carmustine (3.3 mg/ml, 10 % Ethanol)	Liquid	154-93-8	>10	>240	>240	5	0.002	0.001			
Caustic soda (50% at 50°  Liquid  1310-73-2  >480  >480  >480  6  <0.02	Caustic ammonia (28% - 30%)	Liquid	1336-21-6	imm	imm	imm		62	0.035			
C)  Liquid  1310-73-2  >480  >480  >480  6  <0.02  0.02  <9.6  >480  6    Caustic soda (50%)  Liquid  1310-73-2  >480  >480  >480  6  <0.02	Caustic soda (42%)	Liquid	1310-73-2	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.005	0.005	<2.4	>480	6
Chlorine (gaseous)  Vapor  7782-50-5  imm  imm  imm  imm  500  0.2	Caustic soda (50% at 50 ° C)	Liquid	1310-73-2	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.02	0.02	<9.6	>480	6
Chloro ethanol, 2-  Liquid  107-07-3  imm  imm  imm  imm  3.1  0.06 ppm    Chloro form  Liquid  67-66-3  imm  imm  imm  imm  348  1 ppm    Chromic acid (CrO3) (44.9%)  Liquid  1333-82-0  >480  >480  6  <0.07  0.07  <33.6  >480  6    Chromic acid (H2SO4 x CrO3) (80%)  Liquid  1333-82-0  >480  >480  >480  6  <0.05  <2.4  >480  6    Chromic acid (H2SO4 x CrO3) (80%)  Liquid  15663-27-1  >240  >240  5  <0.002  0.002  <2.4  >480  6	Caustic soda (50%)	Liquid	1310-73-2	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.005	0.005	<2.4	>480	6
Chloro form  Liquid  67-66-3  imm  imm  imm  imm  348  1 ppm    Chromic acid (CrO3) (44.9%)  Liquid  1333-82-0  >480  >480  >480  6  <0.07	Chlorine (gaseous)	Vapor	7782-50-5	imm	imm	imm		>50	0.2			
Chromic acid (CrO3) (44.9%)  Liquid  1333-82-0  >480  >480  >480  6  <0.07  0.07  <33.6  >480  6    Chromic acid (H2SO4 x CrO3) (80%)  Liquid  1333-82-0  >480  >480  >480  6  <0.005	Chloro ethanol, 2-	Liquid	107-07-3	imm	imm	imm		3.1	0.06 ppm			
(44.9%)  Liquid  1333-82-0  >480  >480  >480  6  <0.07	Chloro form	Liquid	67-66-3	imm	imm	imm		348	1 ppm			
CrO3) (80%)  Liquid  1333-82-0  >480  >480  >480  6  <0.005  0.005  <2.4  >480  6    CrO3) (80%)  Liquid  15663-27-1  >240  >240  5  <0.002	Chromic acid (CrO3) (44.9%)	Liquid	1333-82-0	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.07	0.07	<33.6	>480	6
	Chromic acid (H2SO4 x CrO3) (80%)	Liquid	1333-82-0	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.005	0.005	<2.4	>480	6
Cyanoethylene Liquid 107-13-1 imm imm imm 10.6 0.005	Cisplatin (1 mg/ml)	Liquid	15663-27-1	>240	>240	>240	5	<0.002	0.002			
	Cyanoethylene	Liquid	107-13-1	imm	imm	imm		10.6	0.005			

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Cyanomethane    Liquid    75-05-8    imm    imm    imm    9.4    0.13 pr      Cyclo phosphamide (20 mg/ml)    Liquid    50-18-0    imm    >240    5    <0.01    0.00 pr      Dichloro methane    Liquid    75-09-2    imm    imm    imm    >50    0.00 pr	
mg/ml) Liquia 50-18-0 imm >240 >240 5 <0.01 0.002	,
Dichloro methane Liquid 75-09-2 imm imm imm >50 0.001	<u> </u>
	1
Diesel automotive test Liquid mix imm imm imm 3.29 0.01 fuel	
Diethyl amine Liquid 109-89-7 imm imm imm 64.3 0.017	ppm
Dimethyl fumarate (27 °C, Solid 624-49-7 177*/317 nm 291*/415 5 <0.39 0.39 solid)	
Dimethyl ketal Liquid 67-64-1 imm imm imm <20 0.02	>908 13 1
Dimethyl ketone Liquid 67-64-1 imm imm imm <20 0.02	>908 13 1
Doxorubicin HCl (2 mg/ml) Liquid 25136-40-9 >240 >240 >240 5 <0.007 0.007	7
Epoxy ethane (gaseous) Vapor 75-21-8 imm imm imm 170 0.02	
Ethane 1,2-diol Liquid 107-21-1 >480 >480 >480 6 <0.05 0.05	<24 >480 6
Ethane nitrile Liquid 75-05-8 imm imm imm 9.4 0.13 p	opm
Ethyl acetate Liquid 141-78-6 imm imm imm 12.7 0.11 p	ipm
Ethyl ethanamine, N- Liquid 109-89-7 imm imm imm 64.3 0.017	, ppm
Ethyl nitrile Liquid 75-05-8 imm imm imm 9.4 0.13 p	
Ethylene carboxylic acid Liquid 79-10-7 imm imm imm 5.4 0.2	
Ethylene chlorohydrin Liquid 107-07-3 imm imm imm 3.1 0.06	DDM
Ethylene glycol Liguid 107-21-1 >480 >480 >480 6 <0.05 0.05	<24 >480 6
Ethylene oxide (gaseous) Vapor 75-21-8 imm imm imm 170 0.02	
Ethylene tetrachloride Liquid 127-18-4 imm imm imm >400 0.11 p	m
Etoposide (Toposar®, Teva) (20 mg/ml, 33.2 % (v Liquid 33419-42-0 >240 >240 >240 5 <0.01 <0.01 /v) Ethanol)	
Ferric (III) chloride (40%) Liquid 7705-08-0 >480 >480 >480 6 <0.005 0.005	5 <2.5 >480 6
Fluorosilicic acid (33-35%) Liquid 16961-83-4 >480 >480 >480 6 <0.04 0.04	<19.2 >480 6
	2
Formaldehyde (10%) Liquid 50-00-0 >480 >480 >480 6 <0.1 0.1	<48 >480 6
Formaldehyde (37%) Liquid 50-00-0 imm imm >480 6 0.31 0.1	
Formalin (10%) Liquid 50-00-0 >480 >480 >480 6 <0.1 0.1	<48 >480 6
Formalin (37%) Liquid 50-00-0 imm imm >480 6 0.31 0.1	
Fuel-oil no 2 Liquid 68476-30-2 imm imm imm 1.776 0.01	
Gemcitabine (38 mg/ml) Liquid 95058-81-4 >10 >240 >240 5 <0.01 0.003	3
Glycol alcohol Liquid 107-21-1 >480 >480 >480 6 <0.05 0.05	<24 >480 6
Glycol chlorohydrin Liquid 107-07-3 imm imm imm 3.1 0.06	
Hydrochloric acid (32%) Liquid 7647-01-0 107*/179 240*/331 >480 6 <0.3 0.03	33.3 >480 6
Hydrochloric acid (37%) Liquid 7647-01-0 imm/14 imm/29 38*/61 2 <2.5 0.03	105, 120 min 150 4
Hydrofluoric acid (48-51%) Liquid 7664-39-3 imm 17 >480 6 na 0.005	
Hydrofluoric acid (60%) Liquid 7664-39-3 imm imm 81 3 na 0.005	
Hydrofluoric acid (70%) Liquid 7664-39-3 imm imm 15*/20 1 15.3 0.1	·
Hydrogen chloride	
(gaseous) Vapor 7647-01-0 imm imm imm	24.0 + 400 - 5
Hydrogen peroxide (50%)    Liquid    7722-84-1    >480    >480    6    <0.01    0.01	<4.8 >480 6
Hydrogen peroxide (70%)    Liquid    7722-84-1    >480    >480    6    <0.02    0.02	<9.6 >480 6
fosfamide (50 mg/ml) Liquid 3778-73-2 >240 >240 >240 5 <0.009 0.009	
	4550/8 min imm
odomethane Liquid 74-88-4 imm imm imm nm 0.07	
odomethaneLiquid74-88-4immimmimmnm0.07sopropanolLiquid67-63-0immimmimm80.04sopropyl alcoholLiquid67-63-0immimmimm80.04	

## **TECHNICAL DATA SHEET**



HAZARD / CHEMICAL NAME	PHYSICAL STATE	CAS	BT ACT	BT 0.1	BT 1.0	EN	SSPR	MDPR	CUM 480	TIME 150	ISO
Ketone propane	Liquid	67-64-1	imm	imm	imm		<20	0.02	>908	13	1
Limonene d-	Liquid	5989-27-5	imm	imm	imm		29.8	0.02			
Mercuric II chloride (sat)	Liquid	7487-94-7	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.01	0.01	<4.8	>480	6
Mercury	Liquid	7439-97-6	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.09	0.09	<43.2	>480	6
Methanol	Liquid	67-56-1	imm	imm	imm		2.2	0.18 ppm			
Methotrexate (25 mg/ml, 0.1 N NaOH)	Liquid	59-05-2	>240	>240	>240	5	<0.001	0.001			
Methyl 4-isopropenyl-1- cyclohexene, 1-	Liquid	5989-27-5	imm	imm	imm		29.8	0.02			
Methyl acetyl	Liquid	67-64-1	imm	imm	imm		<20	0.02	>908	13	1
Methyl benzol	Liquid	108-88-3	imm	imm	imm			0.04			
Methyl cyanide	Liquid	75-05-8	imm	imm	imm		9.4	0.13 ppm			
Methyl iodide	Liquid	74-88-4	imm	imm	imm		nm	0.07	4550/8 min	imm	
Methyl ketone	Liquid	67-64-1	imm	imm	imm		<20	0.02	>908	13	1
Methylene chloride	Liquid	75-09-2	imm	imm	imm		>50	0.001			
Mitomycin (0.5 mg/ml)	Liquid	50-07-7	>240	>240	>240	5	<0.002	0.002			
Nicotine (9 mg/ml)	Liquid	54-11-5	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.08	0.08	<38.4	>480	6
Nitric acid (70%)	Liquid	7697-37-2	77	101	314	5	na	0.05	349	354	5
Nitro benzene	Liquid	98-95-3	imm	imm	imm		17.7	0.001			
Oleum (30% free SO3)	Liquid	8014-95-7	18	82	105	3	na	0.005			
Dxaliplatin (5 mg/ml)	Liquid	63121-00-6	>120	>240	>240	5	<0.1	0.008			
Paclitaxel (Hospira) (6 mg /ml, 49.7 % (v/v) Ethanol)	Liquid	33069-62-4	>240	>240	>240	5	<0.01	<0.01			
Perchloric acid (70%)	Liquid	7601-90-3	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.005	0.005	<2.4	>480	6
Phenyl amine	Liquid	62-53-3	imm	imm	imm		2.1	0.14			
Phosphoric acid (85%)	Liquid	7664-38-2	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.005	0.005	<2.4	>480	6
Potassium chromate (sat)	Liquid	7789-00-6	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.01	0.01	<4.8	>480	6
Potassium hydroxide 50%)	Liquid	1310-58-3	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.005	0.005	<2.4	>480	6
Propan -2-ol	Liquid	67-63-0	imm	imm	imm		8	0.04			
Propan -2-one	Liquid	67-64-1	imm	imm	imm		<20	0.02	>908	13	1
Propene acid	Liquid	79-10-7	imm	imm	imm		5.4	0.2			
Propenenitrile, 2-	Liquid	107-13-1	imm	imm	imm		10.6	0.005			
Propenoic acid nitrile	Liquid	107-13-1	imm	imm	imm		10.6	0.005			
Pyroacetic ether	Liquid	67-64-1	imm	imm	imm		<20	0.02	>908	13	1
Sodium cyanide (sat)	Liquid	143-33-9	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.07	0.07	<33.6	>480	6
Sodium fluoride (sat)	Liquid	7681-49-4	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.005	0.005	<2.4	>480	6
Sodium hydroxide (42%)	Liquid	1310-73-2	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.005	0.005	<2.4	>480	6
Sodium hydroxide (50% at 50 °C)	Liquid	1310-73-2	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.02	0.02	<9.6	>480	6
Sodium hydroxide (50%)	Liquid	1310-73-2	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.005	0.005	<2.4	>480	6
Sodium hypochlorite (15%)	Liquid	7681-52-9	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.05	0.05	<24	>480	6
Sulfuric acid (50%)	Liquid	7664-93-9	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.01	0.01	<4.8	>480	6
Sulfuric acid (98% at 50 ° C)	Liquid	7664-93-9	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.02	0.02	<9.6	>480	6
Sulfuric acid (>95%)	Liquid	7664-93-9	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.03	0.03	<14.4	>480	6
Sulfuric acid fuming (30% free SO3)	Liquid	8014-95-7	18	82	105	3	na	0.005			
Tetrachloro ethylene, I,1,2,2-	Liquid	127-18-4	imm	imm	imm		>400	0.11 ppm			
Tetrahydrofuran	Liquid	109-99-9	imm	imm	imm			0.05			

## **TECHNICAL DATA SHEET**



HAZARD / CHEMICAL NAME	PHYSICAL STATE	CAS	BT ACT	BT 0.1	BT 1.0	EN	SSPR	MDPR	CUM 480	TIME 150	ISO
Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide (25%)	Liquid	75-59-2	>480	>480	>480	6	<0.37	0.037	<17.7	>480	6
Thiotepa (10 mg/ml)	Liquid	52-24-4	imm	>240	>240	5	<0.01	0.001			
Toluene	Liquid	108-88-3	imm	imm	imm			0.04			
Toluene diisocyanate, 2,4-	Liquid	584-84-9	imm	imm	imm		7	0.01			
Trichloro benzene, 1,2,4-	Liquid	120-82-1	imm	imm	imm		8.4	0.001			
Trichloro methane	Liquid	67-66-3	imm	imm	imm		348	1 ppm			
Vinyl cyanide	Liquid	107-13-1	imm	imm	imm		10.6	0.005			
Vinyl ethylene (gaseous)	Vapor	106-99-0	imm	imm	imm		>12	0.001			

BTAct (Actual) Breakthrough time at MDPR [mins] | BT0.1 Normalized breakthrough time at 0.1 µg/cm²/min [mins] |

BT1.0 Normalized breakthrough time at 1.0 µg/cm²/min [mins] | EN Classification according to EN 14325 | SSPR Steady state permeation rate [µg/cm²/min] |

MDPR Minimum detectable permeation rate [µg/cm<sup>2</sup>/min] | CUM480 Cumulative permeation mass after 480 mins [µg/cm<sup>2</sup>] |

Time150 Time to reach cumulative permeation mass of 150 µg/cm<sup>2</sup> [mins] | ISO Classification according to ISO 16602 |

CAS Chemical abstracts service registry number | min Minute | > Larger than | < Smaller than | imm Immediate (< 10 min) | nm Not tested |

sat Saturated solution | N/A Not Applicable | na Not attained | GPR grade General purpose reagent grade | \* Based on lowest single value |

8 Actual breakthrough time; normalized breakthrough time is not available | DOT5 Degradation after 5 min | DOT30 Degradation after 30 min |

DOT60 Degradation after 60 min | DOT240 Degradation after 240 min | BT1383 Normalized breakthrough time at 0.1 µg/cm²/min [mins] acc. ASTM F1383 |

#### Important Note

The permeation data published have been generated for DuPont by independent accredited testing laboratories according to the test method applicable at that time (EN ISO 6529 (method A and B), ASTM F739, ASTM F1383, ASTM D6978, EN369, EN 374-3) The data is typically the average of three fabrics samples tested. All chemicals have been tested at an assay of greater than 95 (w/w) % unless otherwise stated. The tests were performed between 20 °C and 27 °C and at environmental pressure unless otherwise stated. A different temperature may have significant influence on the breakthrough time. Permeation typically increases with temperature. Cumulative permeation data have been measured or have been calculated based on minimum detectable permeation rate. Cytostatic drugs testing has been performed at a test temperature of 27°C according to ASTM D6978 or ISO 6529 with the additional requirement of reporting a normalized breakthrough time at 0.01 µg/cm²/min. Chemical warfare agents (Lewisite, Sarin, Soman, Mustard, Tabun and VX Nerve Agent) have been tested according to MIL-STD-282 at 22°C or according to FINABEL 0.7 at 37°C. Permeation data for Tyvek® is applicable to white Tyvek® 500 and Tyvek® 600 only and is not applicable for other Tyvek® styles or colours. Permeation data are usually measured for single chemicals. The permeation characteristics of mixtures can often deviate considerably from the behaviour of the individual chemicals. The permeation data for gloves published have been generated according to ASTM F739 and to ASTM F1383. The degradation data for gloves published have been generated based on a gravimetric method. This degradation testing exposes one side of the glove material to the test chemical for four hours. The percent weight change after exposure is measured at four time intervals: 5, 30, 60 and 240 minitures.

#### Degradation Ratings:

- E: EXCELLENT (0-10% Weight Change)
- G: GOOD (11-20% Weight Change)
- F: FAIR (21-30% Weight Change)
- P: POOR (31-50% Weight Change)
- NR: NOT RECOMMENDED (Above 50% Weight Change)
- NT: NOT TESTED

Degradation is the physical change in a material after chemical exposure. Typical observable effects may be swelling, wrinkling, deterioration, or delamination. Strength loss may also occur.

Please use the permeation data provided as a part of the risk assessment to assist with the selection of a protective fabric, garment, glove or accessory suitable for your application. Breakthrough time is not the same as safe wear time. Breakthrough times are indicative of the barrier performance, but results can vary between the test methods and laboratories. Breakthrough time alone is insufficient to determine how long a garment may be worn once the garment has been contaminated. Safe user wear time may be longer orshorter than the breakthrough time depending on the permeation behaviour of the substance, the toxicity of the substance, working conditions and the exposure conditions (e.g. temperature, pressure, concentration, physical state).

#### Latest Update Permeation Data: 10/24/2022

The information provided herein corresponds to our knowledge on the subject at the date of its publication. This information may be subject to revision as new knowledge and experience becomes available. The data provided fall within the normal range of product properties and relate only to the specific material designated; these data may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or additives or in any process, unless expressly indicated otherwise. The data provided should not be used to establish specification limits or used alone as the basis of design; they are not intended to substitute for any testing you may need to conduct to determine for yourself the suitability of a specific material for your particular purposes. Since DuPont cannot anticipate all variations in actual end-use conditions DuPont makes no warranties and assumes no liability in connection with any use of this information. Nothing in this publication is to be considered as a license to operate under or a recommendation to infringe any patent rights.

#### WARNING

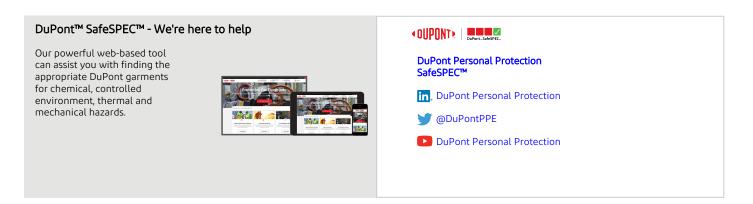


## **TECHNICAL DATA SHEET**

MTO: Made to order terms & conditions apply. The garment does not protect against ionizing radiation.

The information provided herein corresponds to our knowledge on the subject at the date of its publication. This information may be subject to revision as new knowledge and experience becomes available. The data provided fall within the normal range of product properties and relate only to the specific material designated; these data may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or additives or in any process, unless expressly indicated otherwise. The data provided should not be used to establish specification limits or used alone as the basis of design; they are not intended to substitute for any testing you may need to conduct to determine for yourself the suitability of a specific material for your particular purposes. Since DuPont cannot anticipate all variations in actual end-use conditions DuPont makes no warranties and assumes no liability in connection with any use of this information. Nothing in this publication is to be considered as a license to operate under or a recommendation to infringe any patent rights.

This garment and/or fabric are not flame resistant and should not be used around heat, open flame, sparks or in potentially flammable environments. Working in Ex-Zones: Please take this into account for your risk-assessment that the attached socks may isolate the wearer. There is the possibility that the garment and wearer cannot by grounded via the shoes and other measures for grounding the garment and the wearer are required



#### **CREATED ON: JUNE 12, 2023**

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